MONROE COUNTY PARENT EDUCATION ORDER

All parties with children under the age of 18 are ordered to attend one (1) class session of the Parent Education Program prior to the Final Hearing. Parties who do not attend the Parent Education Class may have their Final Hearing postponed to a later date: failure may also effect child custody and visitation rights. Each party shall pay \$25.00 for the cost of the class. Parties shall pre-register for the program using the procedure outlines below.

Entered: January 30, 2002

J. C. Compose J J. E. Pomponio, Jr., Family Court Judge

PRE-REGISTRATION INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Each parent shall pay the fee of \$25.00 to the Monroe County Circuit Clerk.
- 2. Call the pre-registration line at 647-7407 between 8:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m.
- 3. If it is important that you not be in the same class as the other party, please advise the Office of the Family Court Judge of his or her full name.
- 4. If there is any reason why you cannot participate in mediation, please advise the Office of the Family Court Judge.
- 5. You will only be contacted if the class you chose is full.

CLASS INFORMATION

Who may attend:

Only pre-registered parents will be admitted to the Class.

Only parents with a receipt of payment or a waiver of court costs from the Monroe County Circuit Clerk will be admitted.

Do not bring your children, relatives or friends to this session.

Days and Times:

The Parent Education Class is scheduled on the 4th Monday of every month at 2:00 p.m.

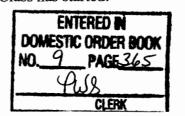
Class Registration starts 15 minutes before the start of the Class (1:45 p.m.)

The Class starts promptly at the scheduled time. (2:00 p.m.)

Be Early: No one will be admitted to the Class after it has started.

Location:

The Class will take place at the Monroe County Courthouse in the Jury Room located on the second floor to the right-side of the Main Courtroom. The Coordinator at the door will have the room assignment for the Class. The Coordinator will admit only the pre-registered parents. The Coordinator will not admit anyone after the Class has started.



FILED IN

FEB 0 1 2002

MONROE COUNTY CIRCUIT UNION, WEST VIRGINIA 24983

PETITIONER'S

DIVORCE PACKET

* IMPORTANT INFORMATION *

YOUR RIGHTS MAY BE BETTER PROTECTED WITH THE HELP OF AN ATTORNEY.

You can obtain a divorce without the assistance of an attorney, but if minor children will be involved in your divorce, if you and your spouse own a home or business, or if you or your spouse have a pension or retirement plan, <u>your custody</u>, <u>property and support rights may be better protected with the help of an attorney</u>.

The staffs of the Circuit Clerk's Office and the Family Court are prohibited by law from providing legal advice.

TIME DEADLINES

In a divorce case, the parties must meet certain deadlines, such as filing papers and documents by a specific date. The failure to meet deadlines can result in the Court imposing penalties. For example, if the parties are required to file information by a deadline, and one does, and the other doesn't, the Court can accept as undisputed the information filed on time. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH DEADLINES CAN HURT YOUR CASE! These Instructions contain information on deadlines. Read the instructions carefully, and pay attention to the deadlines.

If you require any special arrangements to fully participate in court proceedings, for example, a language interpreter, hearing or visual aids, or accommodations for physical access, please notify the Circuit Clerk's office by marking the appropriate space on the Case Information Statement.

Instructions for Petitioner's Packet.

The Petitioner's Divorce Packet contains forms and instructions you will need to represent yourself in your divorce case, without an attorney. As the person who starts the divorce case, you are the Petitioner. Your spouse is the Respondent. The meanings of these terms and others are explained in the Definitions of Legal Terms at the end of these instructions. You should take a few minutes to read these definitions before you continue with these

instructions.

The first part of your Petitioner's Packet contains the instructions you are now reading. The forms follow the instructions. Please <u>read these instructions carefully</u>, and please <u>write clearly</u> when you fill in the forms. The forms are very important to your case. If required forms are not properly completed and filed on time, your case may be harmed, or delayed. You will file all of your forms and all other required documents in the Circuit Clerk's Office. <u>Unless otherwise indicated</u>, for every form and document you file, you will need an original that will be filed with the Circuit Clerk, a copy that will be served on the opposing party, and a copy for yourself. If the BCSE is a party, you will need a copy that will be served on that agency.

The forms in this packet require you to provide your name, address, and telephone number. If you believe your safety, liberty, or health, or the safety, liberty, or health of your children would be put a risk by the disclosure of this information, you may file an affidavit to have the information withheld from all persons except court employees who require the information to carry out their duties. The affidavit you need to file is the "Affidavit for Withholding Identifying Information." This affidavit is not included in the Petitioner's Divorce Packet. If you need this affidavit, you can obtain one at the Circuit Clerk's Office. You can file this affidavit in the Circuit Clerk's Office at the beginning of your case, or later, or you can ask the Court to enter an order allowing you to withhold the information. If your identifying information is withheld, the Respondent's court papers will be served through the Family Court, and not directly on you.

TO BEGIN, you must make certain you can file your divorce in West Virginia. You can file your divorce in West Virginia **only if**:

1. You or your spouse have lived in West Virginia for at least one year before the divorce is filed.

or

2. You now live in West Virginia, and you and your spouse were married in West Virginia.

If you can file your divorce in West Virginia, and you want to use the forms in the Petitioner's Divorce Packet to prepare your divorce, you need to begin by studying the following list of forms included in the packet. The list contains the names of the forms, and important information about the forms and how they will be used in your case. The forms on the list are divided into three groups: Forms Required in All Divorces; Forms Required in Divorces Involving Minor Children; Other Forms You May Need. **Read the list of forms carefully to determine the forms you need to complete.**

Forms Required In: <u>ALL DIVORCES</u>.

- 1. <u>PETITION FOR DIVORCE</u>: The Petitioner files this document to begin the divorce. The Petition for Divorce tells the Court the reasons a divorce should be granted, and it tells the Court how the Petitioner wants the Court to handle matters such as spousal support, allocation of custodial responsibility for the children, child support, and the division of property. You will file an original and one copy of your Petition in the Circuit Clerk's Office.
- 2. <u>CIVIL CASE INFORMATION STATEMENT FOR DOMESTIC RELATIONS CASES</u>: This form gives the Court important information about the case and the parties. When you file your Petition in the Circuit Clerk's Office, you also must file three copies of a completed Case Information Statement.

- 3. <u>FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>: You and the Respondent will use this form to list income, assets, and liabilities. Each of you will complete one of these forms. In cases involving minor children and / or spousal support, each of you must file the additional information discussed in Step 1. You and the Respondent <u>must</u> file your completed Financial Statements <u>and</u> all additional information in the Circuit Clerk's Office <u>no later than 5 days before the first hearing in your case</u>. If one party files the financial information on time, and the other party doesn't, the Court can proceed without the missing financial information, can refuse to grant requested relief to the party who didn't file the information, and can base a decision solely on the information that was filed on time.
- 4. <u>VITAL STATISTICS FORM</u>: This form is used to update the state's vital statistics records on births, deaths, marriages, and divorces. You must file this form with your Petition.

Forms Required In: <u>Divorces Involving MINOR CHILDREN or SPOUSAL SUPPORT</u>.

- 1. <u>APPLICATION FOR CHILD SUPPORT AND INCOME WITHHOLDING SERVICES FROM THE BUREAU FOR CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT</u>: If minor children are involved in the divorce, or spousal support is being requested by either party, you must complete this form, and file it in the Circuit Clerk's Office when you file your Petition. The Respondent also must complete this form, and file it in the Circuit Clerk's Office with the Answer to your Petition.
- 2. <u>PROPOSED PARENTING PLAN</u>: If minor children are involved in the divorce, you and the other parent <u>must</u> attempt to agree on a Joint Proposed Parenting Plan. A Joint Proposed Parenting Plan tells the Court how the parents think the responsibilities for raising the children should be shared after the divorce. If you and the other parent cannot agree on a Joint Plan, each of you need to file Individual Proposed Parenting Plans. In either event, Joint or Individual plans should be filed prior to the first hearing. <u>If one party files an Individual Plan on time</u>, and the other party doesn't, the Court can go ahead without the missing plan, and rely solely on the plan that was filed on time. The Instructions accompanying the Parenting Plan forms explain Parenting Plans in detail.
- 3. <u>PARENT EDUCATION NOTICE</u>: This notice explains that each parent <u>must</u> pay a \$25 Parent Education Fee, unless fees have been waived, and <u>must</u> complete a Parent Education Class conducted by specially trained persons approved by the Courts.

Other Forms You May Need.

- 1. <u>ACCEPTANCE OF SERVICE</u>: This form is used if the Respondent voluntarily accepts the divorce papers, or picks them up in the Circuit Clerk's Office.
- 2. <u>AFFIDAVIT OF NON-RESIDENCY</u>: You will use this form if the Respondent cannot be served in West Virginia because the address is not known, <u>or</u> if the Respondent lives out of state. You must sign this form in front of a Notary Public or Deputy Circuit Clerk.
- 3. SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' RELIEF ACT WAIVER: The Soldiers and Sailors Relief Act

permits persons serving in the armed forces to delay court cases. A party serving in the armed forces who signs this form agrees to allow the divorce to proceed despite the Soldiers and Sailors Relief Act.

4. <u>DIVORCE ANSWER PACKET</u>: This packet contains the forms and instructions the Respondent needs to handle the divorce without an attorney.

Now that you've reviewed the list of forms, you next need to determine the correct forms for <u>your</u> case, and the deadlines for serving and filing those forms. These things are explained in Step 1.

STEP 1. WHAT ARE THE CORRECT FORMS FOR YOUR CASE? WHAT ARE THE DEADLINES FOR FILING THE FORMS?

A. **EVERYONE** who files a divorce case MUST complete and file the following forms:

<u>Petition for Divorce</u> - Deadline: There is no deadline for filing the Petition, but when the Petition is filed, the Court's clock starts.

Civil Case Information Statement - Deadline: Must be filed with the Petition.

Vital Statistics Form - Deadline: Must be filed with the Petition.

Financial Statement - **Deadline:** Must be served on the other party, or parties, and filed in the Circuit Clerk's office no later than 5 days before the first hearing or conference. AND, in cases involving minor children, and / or spousal support, the Financial Statement must be accompanied by the additional information explained in items B and C immediately below.

B. If <u>MINOR CHILDREN</u> are involved in the divorce, IN ADDITION to the forms in Group 1, you MUST also complete and file the following forms:

Application for Child Support Enforcement and Income Withholding Services -

Deadline: Must be filed with the Petition.

Proposed Parenting Plan - Deadline: Before the first hearing.

AND

You MUST also file the following information with your Financial Statement:

- 1. A copy of your most recent wage or salary stub showing gross pay, deductions for taxes and other items, and net pay for a normal pay period, and for the year-to-date;
- 2. Copies of your and your spouse's complete income tax returns for the two years immediately preceding the date the petition was filed, together with copies of the federal Form W-2 for those years; and a copy of the Form W-2 for the most recent year for which that form is available, even if a tax return has not yet been filed for that year;
- 3. For self-employed persons and business owners, a copy of a current financial statement

- showing gross income, expenses, and net income;
- 4. Copies of any invoices or receipts showing the cost of any extraordinary medical expenses for the party or the children, of any child care expenses, and of any expenses necessitated by the special needs of the children.

AND

You MUST also complete a Parent Education Class. Deadlines: You must pay the Parent Education fee when you file your Petition, unless your fees have been waived. You should complete Parent Education before your first hearing. If you do not, your case may be delayed.

C. If you are requesting SPOUSAL SUPPORT, (alimony); IN ADDITION to the Group 1 forms you MUST also complete and file:

<u>Application for Child Support Enforcement and Income Withholding Services</u> - **Deadline:** Must be filed with the Petition.

AND

You MUST file WITH your Financial Statement the additional information listed in items B. 1 - 4 immediately above.

D. If you serve the Respondent by PUBLICATION; IN ADDITION to the required Group 1, 2, and 3 forms, you ALSO must complete and file an Affidavit of Non-residency.

Now that you've determined the forms required for your divorce, go to Step 2 to learn about how to fill out the Petition form, and other required forms.

STEP 2. HOW TO FILL OUT THE PETITION AND OTHER FORMS.

Before you begin, you may want to make several copies of each <u>blank</u> form. You can use the copies to practice on, and you'll have extra blank forms if you make an error completing a form.

Filling out the Petition form is a matter of checking the right boxes, and filling in blanks. The form is self-explanatory, but make certain you read everything carefully, and fully understand what you're doing when you check a box or fill in a blank. Items 19, 20, and 21 on the Petition concern the grounds for divorce. Read the last section in this step for information about the grounds for divorce. Complete the Petition form down to the Verification. Don't complete and sign the Verification until you are before a Notary Public. Deputy Circuit Clerks can also notarize your Verification.

Next, take a look at the other forms you must fill out. If necessary, return to Step 1 and review the list of forms to make certain you fill out all of the required forms. Some forms have a set of instructions accompanying them, the Parenting Plan, for example. Other forms have instructions built into the form. Read the instructions and forms carefully, and make certain you understand what you're doing when you check a box or fill in a blank.

Grounds for Divorce

The Divorce Petition included in this packet lists three common grounds for divorce. The most common ground is Irreconcilable Differences. This ground is Item 19 in the Divorce Petition. Item 19 does not require a check mark. In other words, when you file the form Divorce Petition, you are automatically claiming Irreconcilable Differences as a ground, unless you cross it out. The other two grounds listed in the form Petition, Items 20 and 21 must be checked to be claimed as grounds. The grounds of Irreconcilable Differences and One Year Separation are briefly explained in the next two paragraphs.

Irreconcilable Differences

To obtain a divorce on the ground of Irreconcilable Differences:

- 1. The Divorce Petition must claim Irreconcilable Differences as a ground. Irreconcilable Differences is automatically claimed by filing the form Divorce Petition included with the Petitioner's Divorce Packet.
- 2. The Respondent must file an Answer, **and** the Answer must admit Irreconcilable Differences.
- 3. At least one of the parties to the divorce, you, or the Respondent, must attend the final hearing.

One Year Separation

To obtain a divorce on the ground of One Year Separation:

- 1. You must check Item 20 on the Divorce Petition.
- 2. At least one witness must testify to the 1 year separation. (Neither you, or the Respondent count as this one witness.)
- 3. At least one of the parties to the divorce, you, or the Respondent, must attend the final hearing.

After you've filled out the correct forms, the next step is to determine the county in which you need to file your forms. Step 3 explains this, and also provides information about the filing fee, and other fees and court costs.

STEP 3. FILE YOUR FORMS IN THE PROPER COUNTY. FEES AND COURT COSTS.

After you have completed the correct forms, you'll begin your divorce case by filing the forms in the Circuit Clerk's Office in the proper county. Here's how to determine the county in which to file your divorce.

If the Respondent lives in West Virginia:

- 1. You can file in the county in which the Respondent lives.
- or
- 2. You can file in the county in which you and the Respondent last lived together.

If the Respondent's address is unknown, or the Respondent lives out of state:

- 1. You can file in the county in which you now live.
- or
- 2. You can file in the county in which you and the Respondent last lived together.

After you have determined the county in which you will file, take your completed forms to the Circuit Clerk's Office in that county and give them to a Deputy Clerk for filing.

Important Note. - The law prohibits the Circuit Clerk and Deputy Clerks from providing legal advice. This means they cannot assist you in completing your forms, or "check" your forms to see if you've completed them correctly.

Fees and Court Costs.

The law requires a person filing a court case to pay a filing fee, and certain other fees and costs which are used to help pay the cost of operating the court system. These fees and costs are not refundable if you change your mind about your divorce. Read the following information to learn more about the fees and costs you will have to pay, and to learn what to do if you cannot afford to pay these fees and costs.

The following fees are due at the time you file your divorce.

- * Fee for filing Divorce Petition. \$135.
- * Fee if your Petition is served on the Respondent by the Sheriff's Department. \$25.
- * Fee if your Petition is served on the Respondent by certified mail / restricted delivery. \$20.

If you cannot afford to pay these fees, you should ask a Deputy Circuit Clerk for an affidavit to waive fees and court costs. You can fill out the affidavit in the Clerk's office. The affidavit requires you to list some basic information about your financial situation. A Deputy Clerk will review your completed affidavit, and tell you if you meet the legal requirements to have your fees and costs waived. If you meet these requirements, you will not have to pay fees and costs. If you don't meet these requirements, you must pay fees and costs, but you can ask the Court to review your affidavit later.

After your divorce has been filed, the next step is having the divorce papers served on the Respondent. To learn how this is done, go to Step 4.

STEP 4. HOW TO HAVE DIVORCE PAPERS SERVED ON THE RESPONDENT.

Before any type of hearing except an emergency hearing can be held in your case, the Respondent must be served with a Summons, and a copy of your Petition and the other documents you filed with it. The Summons, your Petition, and the documents you filed with it are sometimes referred to as "the divorce papers," or "the papers." The serving of court papers is called "service of process," or just "service." It is your responsibility to arrange for the Respondent to be properly served with the divorce papers. The following paragraphs describe the methods by which the divorce papers can be served. Read this information carefully. If the Respondent is not properly served, your case will not go forward.

PERSONAL SERVICE BY THE SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT. The divorce papers are delivered to the Respondent by the Sheriff's Department. This type of service is arranged through the Circuit Clerk's Office. You pay the fee of \$25, and provide precise directions to the Respondent's residence or place of work. The better your directions, the more likely the Sheriff's Department is to find the Respondent. The Respondent has 20 days from the date the divorce papers are delivered to serve you with an Answer.

ACCEPTANCE OF SERVICE. To use this method of service, <u>you</u> must have the Respondent sign an Acceptance of Service form before a Notary Public when you give the Respondent the divorce papers; and <u>you</u> must promptly file that form in the Circuit Clerk's Office. From the date the form is signed, the Respondent has 20 days to serve you with an Answer.

PERSONAL SERVICE BY PRIVATE PROCESS SERVER. The law permits persons other than members of the Sheriff's Department to deliver the divorce papers to the Respondent, **but**, service <u>cannot</u> be made by a party to the case, **and** the person serving the papers <u>must</u> be 18 years of age or older. For this type of service to be valid, the person who serves the papers <u>must</u> complete an affidavit which states the papers were served, **and** this affidavit <u>must</u> be filed in the Circuit Clerk's Office. The Respondent has 20 days from the date the divorce papers are delivered to serve you with an Answer.

SERVICE BY CERTIFIED MAIL. This type of service is arranged through the Circuit Clerk's Office. The Circuit Clerk's Office mails the divorce papers to the Respondent by certified mail, restricted delivery, return receipt requested. If the mailing is accepted, the Clerk's Office will receive the return receipt postcard with the signature of the person who accepted the mailing. If a person other than the Respondent accepts the mailing and signs the receipt, you don't have good service, and your case will not go forward. The Respondent has 20 days from the date the divorce papers were delivered to serve you with an Answer.

SERVICE BY PUBLICATION. In this type of service, a legal notice of your Divorce Petition

is published in a newspaper in the county in which you filed your divorce. **Service by publication can be used in only two situations.**

1. The Respondent's location / address is unknown.

OR

2. The Respondent lives out of state, and will not sign the return receipt for service by certified mail.

BUT, even if one of these situations applies to your case, you should know that **if you use** service by publication the Court's ability to award child support and / or spousal support will be limited.

AND, even if one of these situations applies to your case, DO NOT use service by publication if the only ground you claim for divorce is irreconcilable differences.

To attempt service by publication, follow these steps.

- 1. Complete the Affidavit of Non-residency form, and take it to the Circuit Clerk's Office.
- 2. A Deputy Clerk will fill out an Order of Publication.
- 3. <u>Immediately take the Order of Publication to a newspaper in the county in which you filed your divorce.</u> You will be required to pay the newspaper for the publication cost, unless your fees and costs have been waived. The Notice will be published once a week for two weeks in a row.
- 4. After the Notice of Divorce has been published twice, the newspaper will complete an Affidavit of Publication to confirm the publication has taken place. In some counties, the newspaper mails this Affidavit to the Circuit Clerk's Office. In some counties, the newspaper mails this Affidavit to the Petitioner. If the newspaper mails you the Affidavit, you must immediately file it in the Circuit Clerk's Office. Without the Affidavit of Publication in your file you have no proof of service, and your divorce will not go forward. A copy of the Notice of Divorce from the newspaper is not good proof of service.
- 5. The Respondent has 30 days from the date of the Notice's first publication to Answer.

Now that you've gotten your case underway by having the Respondent served with the divorce papers, move on to Step 5 to learn about the Respondent's Answer to your Divorce Petition.

STEP 5. THE RESPONDENT'S ANSWER.

The Answer is the Respondent's written reply to your Petition. As you learned in Step 4, the Respondent will have 20 or 30 days to serve you with an Answer, depending on the method by which the divorce papers were served.

If the Respondent doesn't have a lawyer, he or she should obtain a Divorce Answer Packet from a Circuit Clerk's Office, or you can get one and pass it along.

Important reminder about the Respondent's answer and "no-fault" divorces.

To obtain a "no-fault" divorce on the ground of <u>irreconcilable differences</u>, the Respondent must file an Answer admitting irreconcilable differences, **and** certain other requirements must be met. Return to Step 1 for more information about the requirements for obtaining a "no-fault" divorce.

Next, proceed to Step 6, and learn how the hearings and conferences in your case will be conducted.

STEP 6. CONFERENCES & HEARINGS: WHAT TO EXPECT.

In Step 6, we'll discuss how the conferences and hearings in your case will be conducted. In Step 7, you'll learn what you need to do to prepare for your first conference or hearing. Conferences are conducted by the Family Court's Case Coordinator. Hearings are conducted by the Family Court Judge.

In Family Court, all hearings and conferences are set by Scheduling Orders. <u>It is very important that you attend all hearings, show up on time, and come prepared</u>. You risk hurting your case if you fail to attend hearings, show up late, or come unprepared. Find out where the hearings will be held and allow plenty of time to get there on time.

If you receive a Scheduling Order notifying you of a hearing or conference, and you will not be able to attend, you <u>must</u> send the Family Court a written request to reschedule, and you <u>must</u> state the reason you cannot attend the originally scheduled hearing. The Family Court must receive your request to reschedule <u>not less than 7 days</u> before the date of the hearing you want rescheduled.

Family Court hearings are not open to the public. Only the parties, attorneys for parties, and witnesses are allowed to attend hearings. All hearings are recorded on audio tape. Everyone who testifies must swear or affirm to tell the truth. Everyone is expected to behave in a courteous and dignified manner. Courts will not tolerate improper conduct. The Rules of Court prohibit photographs, video taping, and sound recording in the courtroom, and in all public areas associated with the courtroom.

Some Family Court Judges question the parties and their witnesses. Others want the attorneys <u>and</u> the self-represented parties to present evidence and question witnesses. If you are representing yourself, <u>you will be expected to present your evidence and question witnesses</u>.

Ask a member of the Family Court staff how the judge will conduct your hearing.

Not all hearings produce an immediate decision. Sometimes, the issues in dispute just aren't ready for a decision. For instance, the judge may decide more evidence is needed on an issue. Sometimes, the judge will want to think things over before making a decision. Sometimes, the judge will announce a decision at the conclusion of a hearing. Whatever the circumstances, once made, all decisions are written down in the form of Orders, and filed in the Circuit Clerk's Office. If there's an attorney in the case, the Family Court Judge may ask the attorney to draft an Order which will be sent to the judge and the other party for review. If neither party has an attorney, the Family Court Judge will prepare the Orders.

Now that you've learned some things about the way hearings are conducted, move to Step 7, and learn what you need to do to prepare for the first hearing or conference in your case.

STEP 7. PREPARING FOR THE FIRST HEARING OR CONFERENCE.

In Step 7, we'll discuss what will happen at the first hearing or conference in your case, and what you need to do to prepare. To begin, review the following list of important reminders of things that must be done before the first hearing or conference.

THINGS YOU NEED TO DO BEFORE THE FIRST HEARING OR CONFERENCE.

<u>Financial Statements</u>: You <u>and</u> the Respondent <u>must</u> file your completed Financial Statements <u>and</u> all additional information with the Circuit Clerk <u>no later than 5 days before the first hearing / conference</u>.

Parent Education: If minor children are involved in the divorce, both parents must complete an approved Parent Education Class, and file a Class Completion Certificate in the Circuit Clerk's Office. You need to complete Parent Education Class before the first conference / hearing. If you do not, your case may be delayed.

<u>Proposed Parenting Plan</u>: <u>If minor children are involved in the divorce</u>, before the first hearing / conference you and the other parent need to file a Joint Proposed Parenting Plan together, <u>or</u> each of you need to file Individual Proposed Parenting Plans.

<u>Witness Subpoenas</u>: If you think you will need witnesses to testify at a hearing, <u>you need to make certain those witnesses will attend</u>. If you are not certain a witness will show up, you need to obtain a subpoena. To arrange for a subpoena, go to the Circuit Clerk's office. <u>You should do this at least 10 days before the hearing</u>. To obtain witness subpoenas, you need to provide the Deputy Clerk with the names and address of the witnesses, and pay a Clerk's Fee of 50¢ per subpoena, and a service fee of \$25 per subpoena, unless your fees have been waived.

THE FIRST CONFERENCE OR HEARING: WHAT TO EXPECT.

If a party makes a written motion for temporary relief, and the court grants the motion, the first hearing may be a hearing on temporary relief. Temporary relief hearings deal with matters such as allocation of custodial responsibility, allocation of time spent with the children, child support, medical support, spousal support, and possession of the marital residence.

The first conference or hearing will be held after the Respondent has been served with your Petition, and the time for the Respondent to serve you with an Answer has ended.

This first hearing is called a case management conference / hearing. You will receive a Scheduling Order telling you the date, time, and place, and whether the proceeding will be a conference conducted by the Case Coordinator, or a hearing conducted by the Family Court Judge. The Scheduling Order also will tell you if you need to complete and file any additional forms, file any additional information, or take care of any other matters before you come to the hearing

One of the purposes of the case management conference / hearing is to determine what issues are disputed in your case, and how many hearings and how much time your case will require. If your case has no disputed issues, the first hearing may be the only hearing necessary, and the Court may suggest making the first hearing the final hearing. This can only be done if there is a good reason to do it, all necessary papers have been filed, and you and the opposing party agree to it.

In cases involving minor children, the most important subject discussed at the first hearing will be the development of a Parenting Plan. Read the Parenting Plan Instructions to learn the things you need to know about Parenting Plans.

HOW TO PREPARE FOR HEARINGS.

As the Petitioner, you will be required to prove the grounds for divorce you claimed in your Petition. The other issues that will be the subject of hearings in your case depend on the nature of your case and the particular issues in dispute between you and the Respondent. Issues frequently in dispute in divorce cases include, but are not limited to, allocation of custodial responsibility, child support, division and possession of marital property, spousal support, and the division of marital assets and debts. To prepare for a hearing, the first thing you need to do is make sure you understand what issues will be addressed at that hearing. The second thing you need to do is decide how you can prove your case on these issues. You can prove your case by your testimony, by documents, or by the testimony of witnesses. The opposing party will be given the same opportunities to testify and present evidence. Make a plan for how you will present your case. It's best to write things down. List the things you want to prove, and for each thing you want to prove, list how you will prove it, by witness testimony, or a document, for example.

As you have learned, in some cases the first hearing may be the only hearing necessary. In other cases, a number of hearings may be required before the case reaches a final hearing. What happens after the final hearing is discussed in Step 8.

STEP 8. WHAT HAPPENS AFTER THE FINAL HEARING?

The final hearing will result in a Final Order concluding the case and settling all issues in dispute. Both parties will receive copies of the Final Order. You are NOT legally divorced until a Final Order has been signed by the Family Court Judge!

Any party may file a Motion for Reconsideration of a Final Order for one of the five types of reasons specified in chapter 51, article 2A, section 10 of the West Virginia Code. A Motion for Reconsideration can be filed only for one of these reasons. A Motion for Reconsideration is made to the Family Court, and must be filed with the Circuit Clerk within a reasonable time after the Final Order was entered, or within one year, depending on the reason for which the motion is filed.

Any party may appeal a Final Order of Family Court to the Circuit Court. An appeal to the Circuit Court is made by filing a Petition for Appeal with the Circuit Clerk. A Petition for Appeal must be filed within 30 days after the date the Final Order was entered. The Circuit Court may refuse to consider a Petition for Appeal. The other parties have a right to file a Reply to a Petition for Appeal, and file a Cross Petition; and the party filing the Petition for Appeal has a right to file a Reply to a Cross Petition. If the Circuit Court does not rule on the petition within the time required, all parties will receive a notice the appeal will be automatically transferred to the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals unless all parties file written objections to the transfer. If an appeal is transferred to the Supreme Court, the parties are not required to file any additional papers.

If the Circuit Court refuses to consider a Petition for Appeal, or if a party disagrees with the Circuit Court's ruling on a Petition for Appeal, an appeal may be made to the Supreme Court of Appeals.

Under some circumstances, a Final Order of Family Court may be appealed <u>directly</u> to the Supreme Court of Appeals. This may be done if all parties, together or separately, file a Notice of Intent to Appeal Directly to the Supreme Court. Filing this Notice requires a waiver of the right to file a Petition for Appeal to the Circuit Court. The Notice must be filed within 14 days after the date the Final Order was entered.

A party filing an appeal to the Circuit Court or Supreme Court may make a Motion for a Stay. A Motion for a Stay asks that the terms of a Final Order not be carried out until the appeal has been resolved. A Motion for a Stay is made in the Family Court. If the Family Court denies the motion, the motion may be made in the Circuit Court. The payment of spousal support and child support cannot be stayed. The payment of past due child support may be stayed.

Forms and instructions for appeals to the Circuit Court and Supreme Court are available in Family Court and Circuit Clerk offices.

DEFINITIONS OF LEGAL TERMS

Affidavit

A written statement of facts sworn to before a Notary Public.

Alimony

Money paid by a divorced person for the support of the ex-spouse. Alimony is now called "spousal support." Alimony is not the same as child support.

Allocation of custodial responsibility

The allocation of custodial responsibility determines how the parents will share custody of the children after the divorce. Formerly referred to as "child custody."

Answer

The Respondent's written response to the Petition for Divorce.

Application For Child Support Enforcement And Income Withholding Services

In cases involving minor children, both parents must fill out this form to request or decline child support enforcement and income withholding services from the Bureau For Child Support Enforcement.

Bureau For Child Support Enforcement (BCSE)

The state agency that enforces parents' child support obligations and helps collect child support payments.

Case Coordinator

The Family Court staff person who keeps track of cases, and holds conferences with the parties.

Child support

The money paid by a divorced parent to help pay the expenses of raising the children. The Family Court Judge sets the amount of support by using West Virginia's child support formula.

Circuit Clerk

The court official who keeps all court files and documents. All papers filed in a court case are filed in the Circuit Clerk's Office. Most service of process is arranged through the Circuit Clerk's Office.

Circuit Court

The court of general jurisdiction for a county, or for several counties grouped together as a circuit.

Civil Case Information Statement

A form filed in the Circuit Clerk's Office by all parties to all court cases at the beginning of the

case to provide the Court with information about the case.

Divorce

The termination of a marriage by a Court based on proof provided by the parties.

Family Court

The Court that handles divorces, paternity cases, and other types of family cases.

Financial Statements

Forms that provide the Court with financial information about the income, assets, and liabilities of the parties.

Grounds

The reasons for a divorce. Two common grounds for divorce in West Virginia are irreconcilable differences and one year separation.

Irreconcilable differences

One of the grounds for a divorce. Irreconcilable differences means the parties cannot get along with each other, and don't think they ever will.

Mediation

A way of settling Parenting Plan disagreements. A neutral third party, the Mediator, helps the parties agree on a Parenting Plan.

Mediator

A person trained to help persons settle disagreements.

Order.

A written document recording a Court decision.

Parent Education Class

A class designed to help divorcing parents understand the negative effects of divorce and child custody disputes on children, and to teach parents ways to lessen those negative effects. Parent Education Classes are taught by specially trained persons approved by the Courts.

Parenting Plan

A document which states in detail how divorcing parents will share the responsibilities for raising their children after the divorce.

Party

In a divorce, the Petitioner is one party, and the Respondent is the other party.

Petition for Divorce

The Petition for Divorce is filed by the party who begins the divorce case, the Petitioner. The Petition states the grounds for divorce, and states what actions the Petitioner wants the Court to take on matters such as the allocation of custodial responsibility for children, child support, spousal support, and the division of marital property.

Petitioner

The person who begins the divorce by filing a Petition for Divorce.

Premediation Screening

In divorce cases involving minor children, a process in which a trained Premediation Screener meets separately with both parties to determine if a Mediator can help the parties agree on a Joint Parenting Plan.

Relief

What a party to a court case requests from the Court. For example, spousal support would be one type of relief a party might request.

Respondent

The person on the other side of the divorce case from the Petitioner.

Self-represented party

A person who acts as her / his own attorney in a court case. Persons who represent themselves are also referred to as *pro se* litigants, pronounced "pro say."

Separation

In divorce cases, a situation in which husband and wife live in separate households and no longer have marital relations.

Service

The delivery by authorized methods of a court document.

Shared parenting

The sharing by divorced parents of their responsibilities for raising their children.

Spousal support

Money paid by a divorced person to the ex-spouse. Formerly called "alimony."

Spouse

Husband or wife.

Summons

The court document that notifies the Respondent of the filing of the Petitioner's case, and states the amount of time the Respondent has to serve an Answer.

The End

SUMMONS (Divorce, Annulments and Affirmation of Marriage)

IN THE FAMILY COURT OF _	MONROE	COUNTY, WEST	VIRGINIA
IN RE: THE MARRIAGE OF:	÷.	Civil Action No	
PETITIONER	, and	RESPONDENT	
To the above-named Respondent:			
IN THE NAME OF THE STATE O			
Petitioner / Petitioner's attorney			
An Answer, including any related co against you in the above-styled civil a You are required to serve your Answ upon you, excluding the day of servi hearing and trial, may be taken again be thereafter barred from asserting in may have, which must be asserted in	action, a true ver within ce. If you fa ust you for the another acti	copy of which is herewith de copy of which is herewith de days after service of the il to do so, thereafter judgme e relief demanded in the Petit on any claim, cross complain	elivered to you. is Summons int, upon proper ion and you will
Dated:			\
		CLERK OF COURT	1
•	FORM 9	•	

IN THE FAMILY COURT OF _____ COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA. In Re: Civil Action No. ____ The Marriage / Children of: and Petitioner Respondent Social Security Number Social Security Number Address Address Daytime phone Daytime phone PETITION FOR DIVORCE I, ______, the Petitioner, upon oath, state that the following facts and allegations are true of my personal knowledge; and if I have set forth matters upon information given to me by others, I believe that information to be true. Check the boxes and fill in the blanks for all items that apply to your case. Are you currently a party to a domestic violence proceeding? [] Yes [] No Petitioner has been a resident of West Virginia for more than one year prior to filing this 1. [] divorce case. Respondent has been a resident of West Virginia for more than one year prior [] to the filing of this divorce case. [] Petitioner and Respondent were married in West Virginia, and at least one of them resides in West Virginia at this time. This action is being brought in _____ County, West Virginia because: [] This is the county where the Petitioner and Respondent last lived together as husband and wife. This is the county where the Respondent now resides. [] This is the county where the Petitioner now resides, and the Respondent is not [] a resident of West Virginia. Other reasons: (Explain)

	tioner currently resides in	County, West Virginia.
Res	pondent currently resides: Check only o	ne of the following three items.
[]	In	_ County, West Virginia.
[]	At an address unknown to the Petition	er.
[]	Out of state, where the last known add	ress was
Peti		County, in the state of
		ay of,
Peti	tioner and Respondent last lived togethe	r as husband and wife in
Cou	inty, in the state of	, at the address of
	Pe	titioner and Respondent separated on the day of
	, 200, and the	nat separation has been continuous and uninterrupted
sinc	e that date.	
a. Is	s either party to this case under the age o	f eighteen? [] Yes [] No
	s either party to this case currently serving Juited States? [] Yes [] No	ng on active duty with the military services of the
c. Is	s either party to this case legally incomp	etent? [] Yes [] No
d. Is	s either party to this case currently incare	cerated? [] Yes [] No
Peti	tioner and Respondent are the parents of	: :
[]	No children were born during this mar	riage, and no children are expected.
[]	The children whose names, dates of bi	rth, and social security numbers are:

9.	[] Mother [] Father [] Another person, or persons, whose name(s) and address(es) are:
10.	During the last <u>five</u> years, if any of the children have lived at addresses other than their current address, use the following space to list where they lived, and for how long. <i>If there is not enough room in the following space, use an additional sheet of paper</i> . I have attached additional sheet(s).
	Child's Name Address Dates of Residence
11.	Who provides health insurance for the children? [] Mother [] Father [] Medicaid [] WV CHIP [] Another person, whose name and address are:
	[] The children DO NOT have health insurance coverage. The West Virginia Children's Health Insurance Program (WV CHIP) can help parents obtain free or low cost health care for their children. For more information, call 1-877-982-2447, or ask the Family Court staff about WV CHIP.
12.	Answer all of the following questions.
	a. Has the Petitioner been a party or witness in any other proceeding, in any state, concerning the allocation of custodial responsibility for the children? [] Yes [] No
	b. Is the Petitioner aware of any other proceeding, past or present, in any state, concerning allocation of custodial responsibility for the children? [] Yes [] No
	c. Is the Petitioner aware of any person other than the parties to this case who has physical custody of or claims any custodial right concerning the children? [] Yes [] No

13 .	Che	eck all of	the following items that apply.			
	[]] The children have resided in West Virginia for at least 6 months immediately preceding the filing of this case, <u>or</u> from birth if less than six months old.				
	[]	assum West	etitioner believes it is in the best interests of the children for a West Virginia court to e jurisdiction of this case, because one or both parents have a significant connection to Virginia, and West Virginia is the location of a substantial number of witnesses and / or sources of evidence relating to the children's care and upbringing.			
	[]	The ch	nildren are now present in West Virginia, and have been abandoned here.			
	[]	West Y	nildren are now present in West Virginia, and the Petitioner believes it is necessary for a Virginia court to assume jurisdiction of this case on an emergency basis to protect the en, because the children have been subjected to or threatened with mistreatment or or have otherwise been neglected, or are depending on persons other than their parents.			
	[]		etitioner believes no other state has jurisdiction over this case, and it would be in the en's best interest for a West Virginia court to assume jurisdiction.			
	[]	is the childre	er state has declined to assume jurisdiction over this case on the ground West Virginia best place to decide matters relating to the allocation of custodial responsibility for the en, and for this reason, the Petitioner believes it would be in the children's best interests West Virginia court to assume jurisdiction.			
14.	Che	eck all of	the following items that apply to your case .			
	[]	for the the chi	o the separation, both parents performed a reasonable share of the caretaking and ing functions for the children. For this reason, the Petitioner believes it is appropriate a parents to continue to <u>share</u> the authority for making significant decisions relating to ildren's care and upbringing. The Petitioner also believes custodial responsibility for ildren should be allocated in proportion to the time each parent spent in caretaking and ing functions before the separation.			
	[]	parent for the childre childre	o the separation, the Petitioner performed most, if not all of the caretaking and ing functions for the children. For this reason, the Petitioner believes it is appropriate Petitioner to have sole authority for making significant decisions relating to the en's care and upbringing. The Petitioner also believes custodial responsibility for the en should be allocated between the parties in proportion to the time each parent spent ming caretaking duties prior to the parties' separation.			
15 .	Che	eck all of	the following items that apply to your case .			
	The	e Respon	dent has:			
		[]	Abused, neglected, or abandoned one or more of the children.			
		[]	Sexually assaulted or abused one or more of the children.			
		[]	Engaged in acts of domestic violence.			
[] Repeatedly interfered with Petitioner's access to or contact with the children.[] Repeatedly made false reports or accusations of domestic violence or child abuse.						

For	th	ese	reasons, the Petitioner believes:
			[] It is in the children's best interests that the authority for making significant decisions relating to the children's care and upbringing be allocated to the Petitioner <u>alone</u> .
			[] The court should impose limits on the Respondents's custodial responsibility for, and contact with the children.
			[] The Respondent should not be allocated any custodial responsibility, or permitted any contact with the children unless the court specifically finds such custodial responsibility or contact will not endanger the children, or the Petitioner.
16.	[]	Petitioner is in need of spousal support and support for the minor children.
17 .	[]	Over the course of the marriage, the Petitioner and Respondent have accumulated marital property and / or debts which the Court will have to divide.
18.	[]	Petitioner wishes to resume using the name
19 .			Irreconcilable differences have arisen between the parties.
20 .	[]	The parties have lived separate and apart without cohabitation for one year or more.
21.]]	The Respondent has inflicted cruel and inhuman treatment upon the Petitioner which has destroyed or tended to destroy the mental or physical well-being of the Petitioner, and which renders continued cohabitation with the Respondent unsafe and unendurable.
22.	[]	Other grounds for divorce:
			(Consult the Code of West
			Virginia for information regarding the grounds for divorce.)
Coı			REFORE, the Petitioner asks the Court to grant a divorce, and to grant such other relief as the siders proper, including the matters specifically stated below:
	[]	Approve the Proposed Parenting Plan filed by the Petitioner.
	[]	Order the Respondent to pay support for the minor children.
	[]	Order the Respondent to maintain health insurance coverage on the children, if reasonably available, and to assist with reasonable health care expenses not covered by insurance or by a government medical card.
	[]	Order the Respondent to pay spousal support.

[]		e division of marital property.
		the exclusive use and possession of the marital
[]		the exclusive use and possession of the following
	motor vehicles:	·
[]		the exclusive use and possession of the furniture, ses located in the marital home.
[]	Award the Petitioner the marital property:	exclusive use, possession and ownership of the following
	Description of Property	Estimated Value
[]	Order that the Petitioner Description of Debt	be held <u>solely</u> responsible for the following debts: <u>Amount Owed</u>
[]	-	nt be held solely responsible for the following debts:
	Description of Debt	Amount Owed

[]	Prohibit the Responder to the time the Court di	nt from conveying or otherwise disposing of any marital propertivides the property	ty prioi			
[] Grant Petitioner the right to resume using the name						
[]		nt from annoying, abusing, threatening, or interfering with d safety of the Petitioner.				
[]	Grant this other relief:					
Peti	tioner's Signature					
You	ı <u>must</u> sign the followin	g Verification <u>before a Notary Public or Deputy Circuit Cle</u>	<u>erk</u> .			
		<u>VERIFICATION</u>				
the facts	I have stated in this Petis	, after making an oath or affirmation to tell the truth, sation are true of my personal knowledge; and if I have set forth to others, I believe that information to be true.				
Signature	e	Date				
This Ver 20	ification was sworn to or	r affirmed before me on the day of	,			
Notary P	Public / Other official	My commission expires:				
		iviy commission expires	_•			

INFORMATION REQUESTED BY DIVISION OF VITAL STATISTICS

[Pertaining to Divorces and Annulments] Chapter 16, Article 5, Section 34 of Code of West Virginia, as Amended

Age of Wife:
[STATE]
Annulment: 9 Yes 9 No
Date of Birth
npleted by Clerk]

CIVIL CASE INFORMATION STATEMENT DOMESTIC RELATIONS CASES

IN THE FAMILY COURT OF	COUNTY, WEST VIRG	iNIA
I. CASE STYLE:		
IN RE THE MARRIAGE/CHILDREN OF:		
PETITIONER	CASE No	
Street	Judge	
City State Zip		
Phone Number: () Social Security #:		
and		
RESPONDENT	Days to Answer Type of Service	
Street		
City State Zip		
Phone Number: ()		
Social Security #:		
Original and copies of petition enclo	sed/attached.	

SCA-F-103-1 (Revised 12/01)

PETITIONER: RESPONDENT:		CASE NUMBER:
	RE IF EITHER PARTY	SEEKS CHILD SUPPORT OR ALIMONY.
II. \Box PLEASE CHECK IF A	A FAMILY VIOLENCE	PROTECTIVE ORDER IS NOW IN EFFECT.
III. TYPE OF CASE OR I	RELIEF: (Check all that	apply)
☐ Divorce w/o children ☐ Divorce w/ children	☐ Grandparent Visitati	on
☐ Annulment☐ Separate Maintenance	☐ Paternity	
☐ Child Support only	Other (specify):	
☐ Child Custody w/o Divorce		
ACCOMMODATION IF YES, PLEASE SPECIFY:	□ Wheelchair accessi □ Interpreter or other □ Reader or other au □ Spokesperson or or	ole hearing room and other facilities r auxiliary aid for the hearing impaired xiliary aid for the visually impaired ther auxiliary aid for the speech impaired
Name	Date of Birth	SSN
Attorney Name:		Representing: ☐ Petitioner ☐ Respondent
Address: Telephone:		_ Dated:
☐ Proceeding Without An Atto	rney	Signature

SCA-F-103-2 (Revised 12/01)

BUREAU FOR CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT

APPLICATION AND INCOME WITHHOLDING FORM

County:				Civil Action No.				
	Withholding services will begin immediately when the Bureau for Child Support Enforcemen receives this completed application, which MUST be accompanied by a copy of the current Support Order IF one is now in effect.							
Check	k this blar	nk if a Supp	ort Orde	r is NOW	in effect.			
Petitioner	Full Nan	ne:			Birth date:		_ SSN:	
Sex:	Relation	ship to child	dren involv	ved in this	case:			
Residence A	Address: _							
	_				nty; city; street #;			
Mailing Ad	ddress:							
					ent from physical			
Daytime ph	none #:			_ Driver	s License #:			
Dospondor	ot Full N	omo:			Birth date	·•	CCN.	
_					case:			
		-						
Residence I	ridaress				nty; city; street #;		ip code.)	
Mailing Ad	ddress:							
_					ent from physical	address.	.)	
Daytime ph	none #:			_ Driver	s License #:			
<u>Dependent</u>	ts (List ful	l name; sex; b	irth date; soc	cial security	#; and custodian f	for each o	dependent.)	
Income Withholding			o <u>lete</u> address	of the emplo	oyer <u>or</u> other source	ce of inco	ome to which	an Income
					OR YOUR SA			AFETY OF
Che	eck this bla	ank if you c	urrently re	eceive TAI	NF benefits.			
CONTINU	JE ON NI	EXT PAGE	1					

C	heck this blank if you or one of your children currently receives a DHHS Medical Card.
C	heck this blank if you currently receive, or have applied for DHHS Child Support Services.
	U CHECKED any of the four items immediately above, skip to the end of the form, SIGN line provided, and you are done.
IF YOU	U DID NOT CHECK any of the four items immediately above, YOU MUST CONTINUE!
	I understand that unless otherwise directed by the court, any court ordered support MUST be collected by the BCSE through Income Withholding.
YOU <u>N</u>	AUST CHOOSE ONE OF THE THREE FOLLOWING OPTIONS!
1. min co co 2. in	I am applying for FULL SERVICES from the BCSE. I understand that full services include, but are not limited to the following: *Collection and distribution of support payments. *Collection and enforcement of support by income withholding. *Establishment and enforcement of Support Orders. *Establishment of paternity. *Enforcement of Support Orders through Federal and State Tax offsets, unemployment compensation intercepts, and workers' compensation intercepts. *Location of parent(s). *Interstate services. As an applicant for FULL SERVICES, I AGREE to comply with the following requirements: I understand I MUST assist the BCSE to establish and enforce paternity, child support, and edical support, and to collect child and spousal support. I understand this assistance may clude providing information about the non-custodial parent, and responding promptly and empletely to requests from the BCSE. I understand I may be required to testify as a witness in ourt, or in other proceedings. I understand that I am free to pursue legal actions through a private lawyer, but that I must form the BCSE if I do this. I understand that I MUST repay all money received in error to which I am not entitled.
OPTIO	ON # 2. I am applying for Income Withholding Services ONLY.
	I DID NOT CHECK Option #1 or Option #2. <u>I do not want services from the BCSE at this time</u> . I understand that even though I have not requested services at this time, I can request services at any time by applying at the BCSE office in the county in which I live.
	CERTIFY that I have read and understand all statements on this application, and that all ation I have provided is TRUE and ACCURATE to the best of my knowledge.
Signatu	re: Date:

NOTICE

FILING OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS IN FAMILY COURT PROCEEDINGS EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007

THE PETITIONER AND RESPONDENT SHALL FILE AND SERVE ON THE OTHER PARTY A COMPLETED FINANCIAL STATEMENT ON THE FORM APPROVED BY THE SUPREME COURT OF APPEALS WITH ANY PETITION OR ANSWER FILED IN FAMILY COURT PROCEEDINGS.

See Rules of Practice and Procedure for Family Court Rule 9 and 13.

FILED IN

JUN 2 9 2007

MONROE CO. CIRCUIT COURT UNION, WEST VIRGINIA 24988

IN THE FAMILY COURT OF _		COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA
In Re: The Marriage / Children of:		Civil Action No.
	and	
Petitioner		Respondent
Address		Address
Daytime phone		Daytime phone

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

This form MUST be completed in ALL DIVORCE, CHILD SUPPORT, AND PATERNITY CASES.

The Petitioner and the Respondent must each complete one of these forms.

The completed form MUST be filed in the Circuit Clerk's Office and served on the opposing party AT LEAST 5 DAYS BEFORE THE FIRST HEARING. If the Bureau For Child Support Enforcement is a party, the completed form must also be served on their local office.

If your case <u>involves minor children</u>, or <u>either party requests spousal support</u>, you MUST file the following information WITH your completed Financial Statement.

- 1. A copy of your most recent wage or salary stub showing gross pay, deductions for taxes and other items, and net pay for a normal pay period, and for the year-to-date;
- 2. Copies of the your and your spouse's complete income tax returns for the two years immediately preceding the date the petition was filed, together with copies of the federal Form W-2 for those years; and a copy of the Form W-2 for the most recent year for which that form is available, even if a tax return has not yet been filed for that year;
- 3. For self-employed persons and business owners, a copy of a current financial statement showing gross income, expenses, and net income;
- 4. Copies of any invoices or receipts showing the cost of any extraordinary medical expenses for the party or the children, of any child care expenses, and of any expenses necessitated by the special needs of the children.

If the information you provide in this form, or file with this form changes after you file the form, you MUST immediately provide the new information.

The information you provide on this form is ONLY for the use in the judicial system, and is required by law and court rule to be kept CONFIDENTIAL.

Read each question carefully.	Provide all requested information.	Write or print clearly. After you
have completed the form, you	MUST sign the Verification on the	last page before a Notary Public.

Full Name:	Social Security No:		
Address:	Phone # :		
Any physical or mental disability:			
Age: Education:			
Employer:	Type of work:		
Employment Address:	Phone #:		
Date Employed:	Gross pay per pay period:		
Paid: Weekly Every two	weeks Twice a Month Monthly		
Do you receive TANF benefits? _	If "Yes," list monthly amount:		
and/or year-to-date figures on the new theorem be verified by documents which should be a supplyed to the new theorem.	r is less. Wage / salary history MUST be documented by W-2 forms, ost recent pay stubs. For self-employed individuals, income MUST by gross income and expenses. Source Monthly Amount		
1. Salary	Nionenty random		
2. Wages			
3. Commissions			
4. Bonuses			
5. Tips			
6. Payments from a pension plan			
7. Social Security, SSI			
8 Other: evaluin			

PROPERTY

List ALL property in which you, and / or your spouse have an interest. In the "Who owns?" column, put "M" for marital property; "H" if separate property of husband; "W" if separate property of wife.

Property Description	Market Value	Amount Owed	Who owns?
Marital Home	\$	\$	
Other Real Estate	\$	\$	
Mobile Home	\$	\$	
Motor Vehicles	\$	\$	
	\$	\$	
	\$	\$	
Household Goods	\$	\$	
Checking Accts.	\$	\$	
Savings Accts. / CDs	\$	\$	
Money Market Certificates	\$	\$	
Stocks	\$	\$	
Credit Union Accts.	\$	\$	
Profit Sharing Plans	\$	\$	
Trusts	\$	\$	
Stocks / Mutual Funds	\$	\$	
Bonds	\$	\$	
Pension Plans	\$	\$	
IRA / SEP Accts.	\$	\$	
Severance Pay; Unemployment	\$	\$	
Worker's Comp.	\$	\$	
Whole life Insurance	\$	\$	

Property Description	Market V	alue Amo	unt Owed	Who owns?
Annuities	\$	\$		
Guns	\$	\$		
Tools	\$	\$		
Jewelry	\$	\$		
Personal Property not locate in Marital Home	ed \$	\$		
Other*;	 \$	 \$		
-		\$		
*Other includes, but is not l you or your spouse; busines patents; copyrights; royaltie List all real or personal prop	s interests; money exs; contents of safe de	spected from a law eposit boxes; and NVEYED TO O	wsuit or settlement; anything else of va THERS	education benefits; llue.
otherwise transferred by you market value when transferred transferred; list amount rece	a and / or your spous red; list type of trans	se within the last	5 years. Describe e	ach such item; list
List all debts owed by you, debt; "H" if separate debt or	and / or your spouse		· •	"M" for marital
Owed to Whom?	Amount Owed	For what?	Secured by?	Whose debt?
1	\$			
2	\$			
3				
4				
5				
Total owed: \$	Total of all mon	thly navments. '		

CHILDREN

List the names; ages; birth dates; and social security case. Then, answer the list of questions about the ch	
ease. Then, answer the list of questions about the en	maron.
Do your children receive social security benefits?	If "Yes," list amount per month: \$
Do your children receive income or wages?	If "Yes," list amount per month: \$
Do your children have any special needs that result is account when the court sets the amount of child supp	* ±
Are child care expenses currently being paid so that or seek work? If "Yes," how much per month. Are you the parent of minor children OTHER than the	? \$ You MUST attach receipts.
Do you provide support for any disabled adult childrages, the nature of their disability, and the amount of attach receipts or other documentation for the support	support you provide each month. You must
HEALTH IN	ISURANCE
Is health insurance <u>available</u> to <u>you</u> through <u>your</u> em	
MUST provide written verification from your emplo	-
you have health insurance from ANY source, you M	UST complete the following table.
Insurance company name	
Address	
Policy number	

Group number	
Any other ID numbers	
Persons covered	
Restrictions	
Amount of children's portion of premium	
Deductibles	
Do you have recurring, out of pocket health expenses by insurance? If "Yes," you MUST attach do CHILD SUPPOR	ocuments that verify these expenses.
Do <u>you</u> currently pay court ordered child support pay involved in this case? If "Yes," you MUST attachowing your payment history; <u>and</u> you must list the birth date; social security number; monthly payment	each a copy of the Support Order, <u>and</u> records following information for <u>each</u> child: full name;
SPOUSAL S	SUPPORT
If you are requesting spousal support, you MUST con These are the amounts you now pay if you are living separated, list the amounts you estimate you will have MONTHLY EXPENSES	mplete the following list of monthly expenses. separate from you spouse. If you have not yet
Credit card payments; other payments on unsecured of	debts: \$ Car payments: \$
Rent or mortgage: \$ Electric: \$	Gas: \$ Water / Sewer: \$
Trash: \$ Telephone: \$ TV Cable:	\$ Food: \$
Clothing: \$ Gasoline: \$ Car repair	rs: \$ Car insurance: \$

Health insurance: \$ Other insurance: \$ Explain:
Home repair and maintenance: \$ Child care: \$
Entertainment & recreation: \$
Medical & health not covered by insurance: \$ Explain:
Other: \$ Explain:
TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENSES: \$
IF <u>EITHER YOU OR YOUR SPOUSE IS REQUESTING SPOUSAL SUPPORT</u> , YOU MUST
COMPLETE THE REST OF THIS FORM.
Wife's Education
Graduate from high school? If "Yes," what year? If "No," receive a GED? If GED, year?
Graduate from technical or trade school? If "Yes," list type of training or degree and year received
Graduate from college? If "Yes," list degree and year received
Receive a post-graduate degree? If "Yes," list degree and year received Wife's Employment History List last four jobs. List employer; position held; dates employment began and ended; monthly salary.
Husband's Education
Graduate from high school? If "Yes," what year? If "No," receive a GED? If
GED, year?
Graduate from technical or trade school? If "Yes," list type of training or degree and year received
Graduate from college? If "Yes," list degree and year received
Receive a post-graduate degree? If "Yes," list degree and year received

Husband's Employment History
List last four jobs. List employer; position held; dates employment began and ended; monthly salary.
Wife's Health
Wife's age:
Wife's physical health is: Excellent Good Poor If "Poor," explain:
<u> </u>
Wife's mental and emotional health is: Excellent Good Poor If "Poor," explain:
·
Husband's Health
Husband's age:
Husband's physical health is: Excellent Good Poor If "Poor," explain:
Husband's mental and emotional health is: Excellent Good Poor If "Poor,"
explain:
Obtaining Additional Education or Training
Would additional training and / or education help the party seeking spousal support to increase earning
ability within a reasonable time? If "Yes," explain what type of training or education; the
estimated yearly cost of such training or education; and the length of time it would take to complete
this training or education:

Additional Information Explain why you think spousal support should be awarded, or denied: **VERIFICATION** I, ______, after making an oath of affirmation to tell the truth, say that the facts I have stated in this Financial Statement are true of my personal knowledge; and if I provided information from other persons, I believe that information to be true. I understand that deliberately failing to provide complete disclosure, and knowingly providing incorrect information constitute the crime of false swearing. Signature This Verification was sworn to or affirmed before me on the ____ day of ______, Notary Public / Other Official My commission expires: . . **CERTIFICATE of SERVICE** State of West Virginia County of _____ I, the person completing this Financial Statement, mailed copies the Financial Statement and all attached documents, by first class mail, postage paid, to: _____, at the address of ______ , at the address of _____ on the ____, ____, ____. Signature Date

IN THE FAMILY COURT OF MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA

In Re: The Marriage/Children of:		Civil Action No
	and	
Petitioner ,		Respondent
Address		Address
Daytime Phone		Daytime Phone
<u>PR</u>	OPERTY AC	GREEMENT
The Petitioner and Responsarital property, separate property	ondent agree to terty, and debts.	the following division of all of their
The Petitioner,debts:		, shall receive the following property and
		,
The Respondent,and debts:		, shall receive the following property

By signing this agreement I am representing to the court that:

1. I have entered into the agreement voluntarily.

2. I have full and complete knowledge of all property and debts my spouse and I required during our marriage and all separate property owned by each of us during the marriage.3. I understand this agreement and believe it to be fair and in my best interest.

Petitioner Date Respondent **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS** State of West Virginia County of _____ I, ______, a Notary Public in the county and state aforesaid do certify that ______, whose name is signed to the writing above has acknowledged the same before me in the aforesaid county and state on Notary Public My commission expires: State of West Virginia County of I, _____, a Notary Public in the county and state aforesaid do hereby certify that , whose name is signed to the writing above has acknowledged the same before me in the aforesaid county and state on ... Notary Public My commission expires:

PARENTING PLAN INSTRUCTIONS

The Family Court requires a Parenting Plan in all cases involving minor children. As a case begins, if parents can agree on a Parenting Plan, they can submit a Joint Proposed Parenting Plan to the court, and request that the court make a temporary order on parenting based on the Joint Plan. If the parents cannot agree on a Joint Plan, either parent can submit an Individual Proposed Parenting Plan, and ask the court to enter a temporary order on parenting based on that Individual Plan. If one parent wants to contest the other parent's Individual Plan, the contesting parent <u>must</u> submit an Individual Plan. <u>All</u> Individual Plans must be accompanied by a completed Worksheet form.

If a Joint Plan is submitted, the court may accept the plan as submitted, unless the court determines the plan would be harmful to the children in some way, or that one parent did not agree to the plan voluntarily, or did not fully understand what they were agreeing to. A Joint Parenting Plan accepted by the court at the beginning of a case may become the Permanent Parenting Plan that will be placed in effect when the case is concluded; although the plan can and will be modified as necessary during the course of the case. If no Joint Plan is submitted, the procedure is more complicated. What happens in these cases is discussed later in these instructions.

These instructions, the Parenting Plan form, and the Worksheet form used with Individual Plans are designed to assist parents in developing Parenting Plans. The following steps explain the importance of the Parenting Plan, and provide the information needed to complete the Parenting Plan and Worksheet forms. Read <u>all</u> of the instructions <u>before</u> you start filling out any of the forms.

STEP 1. WHY IS THE PARENTING PLAN IMPORTANT?

The Proposed Parenting Plan is probably the most important document you will file in your divorce case. The Family Court will rely on the Proposed Parenting Plan to allocate custodial responsibility and time spent with the children, and decide how the parents will share the responsibility for making the decisions that guide their children's lives. So, as you begin developing your Parenting Plan, put in the time and effort to do it right, because your children's welfare depends on you doing a good job.

STEP 2. COMPLETING THE PARENTING PLAN FORM.

There is only one type of Parenting Plan form, and it is used for the preparation of both the Joint and Individual Plans. At the beginning of this form, on page 1, the first two items are used to indicate if the plan is being developed and submitted jointly, or individually. Be certain to complete the item that applies to your plan. Before you begin filling out the Parenting Plan, you may want to make some copies of the <u>blank</u> form. You can use these extra copies to practice on, or you can use portions of the extra copies if you need additional space for some responses.

The Parenting Plan form is divided into sections. Some sections are self-explanatory, and some contain brief directions. You may be required to make a choice by placing a check mark or "x" in a space, or you may be required to write in information. It is important that you pay close attention to these instructions and the directions in the form so you can fill out the Parenting Plan correctly and completely. Type, or print clearly so your information can be read and understood by the court.

The Parenting Plan form is designed to provide a reasonable amount of space for responses, and to accommodate information for families with as many as three children. If you need additional space for some responses, or you require additional space because you have more than three children, you can write the information on a blank piece of paper, or you can use a page from one of the extra copies you made before you started filling out the form. If you use a blank sheet of paper, at the top of the sheet, write your name, case number, and the name of the section of the form the information relates to.

STEP 3. COMPLETING THE WORKSHEET FORM.

A Worksheet form <u>must</u> be completed and attached to <u>all</u> Individual Parenting Plans. <u>If</u> <u>you and the other parent have agreed on a Joint Plan</u>, you <u>don't</u> need to read the rest of this step, <u>you can go directly to Step 4</u>. If you and the other parent <u>have not agreed on a Joint Plan</u>, <u>continue reading</u>. Before you begin filling out the Worksheet, you may want to make some extra copies of the <u>blank</u> form.

If you and the other parent cannot agree on a Joint Parenting Plan, the Family Court will have to make the decisions the two of you couldn't make together. To make these decisions, the court needs information about your family life in the twelve months before your divorce case began. This is where the Worksheet comes in. *Each* parent who submits an Individual Parenting Plan *must* submit an accompanying Worksheet.

The Worksheet sections are either self-explanatory, or they have some brief instructions included. The Parenting Responsibilities, Making Major Decisions, and Parents' Work Schedules sections <u>must be completed on all Worksheets</u>. The directions accompanying the other sections will explain who needs to complete those sections.

Like the Parenting Plan form, the Worksheet form is designed to fit most situations and provide an adequate amount of space for the average response. If you need more room for a response, follow the extra sheet procedure explained in the last paragraph of Step 2, or use a page from one of the extra copies you made before you started filling out the form.

STEP 4. SUBMITTING A JOINT PLAN TO THE COURT.

If you and the other parent have developed a Joint Plan, all you need to do to submit the plan to the court is file the original of the completed Parenting Plan form in the Circuit Clerk's Office, keep copies for yourselves, and wait for the court to schedule a hearing.

STEP 5. SUBMITTING AN INDIVIDUAL PLAN TO THE COURT.

To submit an Individual Plan to the Court, you must do three things. (1.) Fill out the Motion to Adopt Individual Proposed Parenting Plan. You will find this form in the Petitioner's Divorce Packet, and the Divorce Answer Packet. (2.) Serve copies of your Motion, and your Individual Plan and Worksheet on the other parent. How to do this is explained later in this step. (3.) File the originals of your Motion, and your Individual Plan and Worksheet in the Circuit Clerk's Office, together with the original of a completed Certificate of Service. The Certificate of Service is explained later in this step. Keep copies of every document you file and serve.

You should try to file and serve your Individual Plan before the first hearing in the case. At that first hearing, the court will want to make a temporary order relating to parenting. If one parent has submitted an Individual Plan, and the other hasn't, the court may base the temporary order on the plan that has been filed. By failing to file your Individual Plan before the first hearing you can loose an important opportunity to have a full say in this important decision.

It is your responsibility to make certain the other parent is properly served with your Individual Plan. First class mail is the easiest and cheapest method to serve your Plan. To do this, mail copies of your Motion, Plan, and Worksheet to the other parent by first class mail, complete a Certificate of Service form, and file the originals of all of these documents in the Circuit Clerk's Office. The Certificate of Service verifies that you mailed these documents to the other parent. A Certificate of Service form is included in the Petitioner's Divorce Packet and the Divorce Answer Packet.

Before we leave Step 5, here's something to think about. After reading Steps 3, 4, and 5, you will have noticed the Joint Plan is the easiest and simplest way to go; and agreeing on a Joint Plan is better for your children too, because parents know more about their children than the court will be able to learn during a divorce case. So, it's fair to say it's in everyone's best interest for the parents to agree on a Joint Plan. Don't agree just to please the other parent, but if you think there is any reasonable possibility you and the other parent *can* agree on a fair and balanced plan, it's worth some extra effort from both of you.

STEP 6. WHAT HAPPENS AFTER SUBMITTING A JOINT PLAN?

If you and the other parent submitted a Joint Plan, the court will hold a hearing and review the plan to determine if it could be harmful to the children in any way, and to make certain both parents agreed to the plan without being pressured, and understood everything they were agreeing to. The court may accept the plan as proposed, or accept it with whatever modifications the court determines necessary to create a complete, fair, and balanced plan that is best for the children.

STEP 7. WHAT HAPPENS AFTER SUBMITTING AN INDIVIDUAL PLAN?

At the first hearing in your case, the court is going to ask you and the other parent about your efforts to agree on a Joint Plan. The court is going to ask this even if one or both of you have submitted Individual Plans, because West Virginia law favors the Joint Parenting Plan. The law wants parents to agree on a Joint Parenting Plan because it's better for the children. So, if you and the other parent tell the court you have not tried to agree on a Joint Plan, or have tried and failed, the law requires the court to refer the two of you to a person called a Premediation

Screener.

The Premediation Screener will interview you and the other parent separately, and determine if a Mediator can help the two of you come to an agreement on a Joint Plan. If the screener determines a Mediator may be able to help you agree, the court will refer the two of you to mediation. A Mediator is a neutral third person trained to help people settle disagreements. The Mediator will meet with you and the other parent together, listen to everything both of you have to say, and help you explore ways to agree on a Joint Plan. Mediation has an excellent success rate, and there is a good possibility the two of you can come out of mediation with a Joint Parenting Plan.

If mediation results in agreement on a Joint Plan, the Mediator will send that plan to the court, and the case will proceed as described in Step 6, just as if you and the other parent had agreed on a Joint Plan to begin with.

If mediation does not produce an agreement, you and the other parent will return to court for a hearing, or a series of hearings at which both of you will present evidence and arguments in support of your Individual Plans. In other words, both of you will have a chance to prove to the court why your Individual Plan should be accepted by the court. It is the court's job to determine what's best for your children. To do this, the court will look at the way the two of you shared parenting responsibilities in the last twelve months before your divorce was filed. The way you have shared parenting responsibilities in the past will be one of the most important factors the court will consider in determining how you will share these responsibilities in the future. The court will also listen to any reasons one parent may not be fit or suitable to share parenting responsibilities in the future. After hearing all of the evidence, the court will reach a decision. The court may announce its decision at the hearing, or later. The court may accept parts of one or both Individual Plans, and will make whatever modifications or additions are necessary to create a Parenting Plan that is best for the children.

To learn about what to expect at the hearing, and how to prepare, review Steps 6 and 7 in the Petitioner's Divorce Packet Instructions, or Steps 5 and 6 in the Divorce Answer Packet Instructions.

The End.

IN THE FAMILY COURT OF		RT OF	COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA		
In Re	e: Marriage / Children of	:	Civil Action No.		
Petiti	oner		Respondent		
Addre	ss	_	Address		
Daytin	me phone		Daytime phone		
	Worksheet f	or Individual P	Proposed Parenting Plan		
This	Worksheet completed	by:	Date:		
	-	(Print y	your name.)		
	<u>]</u>	PARENTING RESI	<u>PONSIBILITIES</u>		
	-	he last twelve months	ow you and the other parent have shared before your divorce was filed. Do not the divorce.		
This	list is for the children na	med:			
	Daily physical needs and Examples: feeding; be	l care. edtime and wake-up rersonal hygiene, dress	outines; care when child is sick or hurt; ing; recreation and play; physical safety;		
(B)	Developmental needs.	walk, talk, and use e	ating utensils; toilet training; development of		
	Mother%	Father%			
(C)	Development of prope Examples: discipline;		rs; assignment and supervision of chores.		
	Mother%	Father%			
(D)	_	_	ommunicating with teachers and counselors; es and discussing school related matters.		
	Mother%	Father%			

(E)	<u>Development of social skills</u> . Examples: teaching the child how to develop proper personal relationships with friends, brothers and sisters, and adults.
	Mother% Father%
(F)	Health care. Examples: Making arrangements and appointments for health care; accompanying child to doctor's and dentist's appointments; discussing child's health care needs with doctors, dentists, and other health care providers; providing care in the home when child is ill.
	Mother% Father%
(G)	Moral and religious matters. Examples: Discussing moral and religious matters with the child; providing moral and religious guidance; accompanying the child to church. Mother% Father%
(H)	Child care matters. Examples: Making arrangements for child care by family members, baby-sitters, or child care facilities; supervising and communicating with these child care providers. Mother% Father%
	MAKING MAJOR DECISIONS FOR THE CHILDREN
	Explain how you and your spouse have shared the responsibilities for making major sions for your children. This information is for only the last twelve months before your ree was filed. Do not provide information for any time after the filing of the divorce.
1.	First, review the types of decisions in the list, then answer the following question. Did you and your spouse <u>always</u> make the types of major decisions on the list by talking the decision over, and coming to an agreement on what the decision should be? Yes No
	If you answered "Yes," <u>you don't need to complete the list</u> ; you're finished with this section. <u>If you answered "No," read item 2</u> .
2.	Complete the list by indicating the percentage of time each type of decision was shared, which means you and your spouse talked the decision over and came to an agreement on the decision; or the percentage of time each type of decision was made Mother, or Father alone, without talking it over. For each type of decision, the numbers in all of the blanks should always add up to 100. In items (F) and (G), you may write in other types of major decisions, and complete those items just as you completed the first part of the list.
This	list is for the children named:
(A)	Education. Shared% Mother% Father%
(B)	Non-emergency health care. Shared% Mother% Father%
(C)	Religion. Shared% Mother% Father%
	Child care. Shared% Mother% Father%

(E)	School related activities. Shared% Mother% Father%
(F)	Shared% Mother% Father%
(G)	Shared% Mother% Father%
	PARENTS' CURRENT WORK SCHEDULES List your current work schedule. Complete only the part on your work schedule.
Mot	ther's Work Schedule
<u>Fatl</u>	her's Work Schedule
and	CHILDREN'S SCHOOL, AFTER SCHOOL & SPORTS ACTIVITIES List your children's current school, after school activity, and sports schedules. School ades pre-school and kindergarten programs. Explain when and how the children go to school other activities, and when and how they come home. None of our children attend school, pre-school, or kindergarten.
This	s list is for the children named:
	CHILD CARE
<u>than</u>	Explain the arrangements for child care <u>currently</u> provided to your children <u>by persons other</u> the parents. Explain who provides child care, and explain the child care schedule.
	None of our children receive child care from any person other than the parents.

This list is for the children named	d:
Provide any other information other parent take care of the child	OTHER INFORMATION on you think the court should know concerning how you and the dren.
truth, say that the facts I have star personal knowledge; and if I have me by others, I believe that inform	
Parent's Signature	Date
This Verification was sworn to or	r affirmed before me on the day of,
	Notary Public / Other Official
Commission expires:	

IN THE FAMILY COURT OF		COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA.		
In Re: The Marriage / Children of:		Civil Action No.		
	. and			
Petitioner	, und	Respondent		
Current address		Current address		
Daytime phone		Daytime phone		
	PARENTING	F PLAN		
This Parenting Plan is proposed	1:			
' Individually by * Every Individual Plan <u>mu</u>		, the '	Mother ' Father.	
Jointly by		_, and		
This plan is proposed for use:	' Temporarily '	Permanently ' Both	1.	
(List the name, date of birth, and soci	CHILDRI al security number of all ch		ng Plan.)	
Two decision-making rules app	DECISION M			
1. The parent with whom a chi control of the child.	-	o .	bout the care and	
2. <u>Either parent</u> may make <u>emany time</u> , <u>regardless of the parent</u>	0	0	v	
Major Decisions (Use the follow	ing list to propose whom yo	ou think should make each ty	pe of decision.)	
Education	' Mother	' Father	' Shared	
Medical, dental, eye care	' Mother	' Father	' Shared	
Religious matters	' Mother	' Father	' Shared	
Child care	' Mother	' Father	' Shared	

Children's Employm	<u>ient</u>	,	Mother	1	Father	' Shared
Motor Vehicle Use		,	Mother	,	Father	' Shared
School and after school	ool activities	,	Mother	r	Father	' Shared
<u>Sports</u>		,	Mother	,	Father	' Shared
Other:		,	Mother	,	Father	' Shared
HOW WILL THE CHILDREN'S TIME BE SHARED BY THE PARENTS In this section you will propose, from this day forward, how much time you think the children should spend with their mother, and with their father. The first part of this section covers preschool children, the second part covers children in school, and the third part covers holidays for all of the children. Detailed and accurate proposals of how the children's time will be shared are very important. When a schedule for sharing the children's time is adopted by the Court and made part of a Court Order, that schedule will be the basis for the Court's calculation of child support. For this reason, it is very important for the schedule to show the real number of days the children will spend with each parent. For example, do not make a 50/50 schedule just to make one parent feel good if you know the children will actually spend 80% of their time with one parent, because if you do, the parent with whom the children spend 80% of the time will end up with child support payments based on a 50/50 schedule, and those payments will be too small to cover the real number of days the children spend with that parent. When you fill out these schedules, make certain you account for every day of the week, and all of the hours in the day. Make certain you account for the times parents will be on vacation from their jobs. Remember, holidays are covered separately in the third part of this section.						
	CHI	ILD	REN NOT IN	SCHO	OL.	
Children's names: These children will r Mother. Weekdays: (Mark the applies, or fill in the time	reside with Moth	er a	and Father accor	rding to	the following sched	
' Monday:				_	m. to a.m. / J	
Tuesday:	' All day. (o	or) l	From a.	m. / p.r	m. to a.m. / p	p.m.
Wednesday:	' All day. (o	or) l	From a.	m. / p.r	n. to a.m. / J	p.m.
' Thursday:	' All day. (o	or) l	From a.	m. / p.r	m. to a.m. / <u>J</u>	p.m.
' Friday:	' All day. (o	or)]	From a.	m. / p.r	m. to a.m. / p	p.m.
Weekends: (Mark the in the time and day blank		onth	the children will re	eside with	Mother all or part of the	e weekend, then fill
•		on		to	_ a.m./p.m. on	
					a.m./p.m. on	
					a.m./p.m. on	

From ___ a.m./p.m. on ____ to ___ a.m./p.m. on _____.

From ___ a.m./p.m. on ____ to ___ a.m./p.m. on ____

' Fourth:

' Fifth:

F	athe

	ark the day if the children will reside with Father some or all of that day, then check "all day" if that the times if all day doesn't apply.)
' Monday:	' All day. (or) From a.m. / p.m. to a.m. / p.m.
' Tuesday:	' All day. (or) From a.m. / p.m. to a.m. / p.m.
' Wednesday:	' All day. (or) From a.m. / p.m. to a.m. / p.m.
' Thursday:	' All day. (or) From a.m. / p.m. to a.m. / p.m.
' Friday:	' All day. (or) From a.m. / p.m. to a.m. / p.m.
Weekends: (Main the time and da	ark the weekends of the month the children will reside with Father all or part of the weekend, then fill y blanks.)
' First:	From a.m./p.m. on to a.m./p.m. on
' Second:	From a.m./p.m. on to a.m./p.m. on
' Third:	From a.m./p.m. on to a.m./p.m. on
' Fourth:	From a.m./p.m. on to a.m./p.m. on
' Fifth:	From a.m./p.m. on to a.m./p.m. on
	CHILDREN IN SCHOOL.
	nes: will reside with Mother and Father according to the following schedule.
	ark the day if the children will reside with Mother some or all of that day, then check "all day" if that the times if all day doesn't apply.)
' Monday:	' All day. (or) From a.m. / p.m. to a.m. / p.m.
' Tuesday:	' All day. (or) From a.m. / p.m. to a.m. / p.m.
' Wednesday:	' All day. (or) From a.m. / p.m. to a.m. / p.m.
' Thursday:	' All day. (or) From a.m. / p.m. to a.m. / p.m.
' Friday:	' All day. (or) From a.m. / p.m. to a.m. / p.m.
Weekends: (Ma fill in the time and	ark the weekends of the month the children will reside with Mother all or part of the weekend, then day blanks.)
' First:	From a.m./p.m. on to a.m./p.m. on
' Second:	From a.m./p.m. on to a.m./p.m. on
' Third:	From a.m./p.m. on to a.m./p.m. on
' Fourth:	From a.m./p.m. on to a.m./p.m. on
′ Fifth: Father	From a.m./p.m. on to a.m./p.m. on
Weekdays: (Ma	ark the day if the children will reside with Father some or all of that day, then check "all day" if that the times if all day doesn't apply.)
' Monday:	' All day. (or) From a.m. / p.m. to a.m. / p.m.
' Tuesday:	' All day. (or) From a.m. / p.m. to a.m. / p.m.
' Wednesday:	' All day. (or) From a.m. / p.m. to a.m. / p.m.
' Thursday:	' All day. (or) From a.m. / p.m. to a.m. / p.m.
' Friday:	' All day. (or) From a.m. / p.m. to a.m. / p.m.

Weekends: (Mark the weekends of the month the children will reside with Father all or part of the weekend, then	ı fill
in the time and day blanks.)	

,	First:	From	a.m./p.m.	on	to	a.m./p.m. on
,	Second:	From	a.m./p.m.	on	to	a.m./p.m. on
,	Third:	From	a.m./p.m.	on	to	a.m./p.m. on
,	Fourth:	From	a.m./p.m.	on	to	a.m./p.m. on
,	Fifth:	From	a m /n m		to	a m /n m on

HOLIDAYS

(The following chart lists nationally recognized holidays, family occasions such as birthdays, and provides space for you to write in other special family occasions. For each holiday or occasion, in the columns "Even Years," and "Odd Years," use an "M" or "F" to indicate the parent with whom the children will spend each holiday or other occasion. Then, indicate the exact times the holiday period with the parent will begin and end. If a child will spend part of a holiday with one parent, and part with the other, put a check mark or "x" in the "Split Day" column, and in the "Exchange Time" column indicate when one parent's time with the child ends, and the other parent's time begins.)

Holiday	Even Years	Odd Years	Time with the Parent: From	То	Split Day	Exchange Time
New Year's Eve			a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.		a.m./p.m.
New Year's Day			a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.		a.m./p.m.
Martin Luther King Day			a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.		a.m./p.m.
President's Day			a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.		a.m./p.m.
Easter			a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.		a.m./p.m.
Memorial Day			a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.		a.m./p.m.
July 4 th			a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.		a.m./p.m.
Labor Day			a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.		a.m./p.m.
Thanksgiving			a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.		a.m./p.m.
Christmas Eve			a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.		a.m./p.m.
Christmas Day			a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.		a.m./p.m.
Hanukkah			a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.		a.m./p.m.
Kwanza			a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.		a.m./p.m.
			a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.		a.m./p.m.
			a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.		a.m./p.m.
			a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.		a.m./p.m.

Other Occasions			
Mother's Day	a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.
Father's Day	a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.
Mother's Birthday	a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.
Father's Birthday	a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.
Child's Birthday	a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.
Halloween	a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.
	a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.
	a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.
	a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.	a.m./p.m.

the parents will vary these schedules to divide school/work vacations as described in this section.

The parents will work together to make arrangements for specific dates and times for vacation no later than one month in advance of the time requested for vacation.

The child(ren) shall spen	d (how many	/?)_		vacatio	n ′ days ′	weeks	with	
mother and (how many?)	vacation	′	days	' weeks	with father.			
Dates:								

DESIGNATION OF LEGAL CUSTODIAN

Federal and state laws require that the parent with whom the children spend the majority of time be designated as the children's legal custodian. You may choose to alternate the legal custodian between the even and odd years.

Under this Parenting Plan, the designated legal custodian is the:

- ' Mother
- Father
- Alternates yearly between Mother and Father- designate a schedule below During evenly numbered years the legal custodian is: ' Mother or ' Father: During oddly numbered years the legal custodian is: ' Mother or ' Father.

If the parent with whom the children spend the majority of time is not the same for all of the children, you must make separate legal custodian designations.

	Le	gal Custodian:	′	Mother	'	Father	'	Alternating
Child's name								
	Le	gal Custodian:	,	Mother	,	Father	,	Alternating
Child's name								

	Legal Custodian: ' Mother ' Father ' Alternating
Chi	ld's name
	TRANSFERS OF THE CHILDREN FROM PARENT TO PARENT
arr ar	When a child's time with one parent ends, and time with the other parent begins, the renting Plan must provide standard arrangements for transferring your child. Propose those rangements in this section. Part 1 is for weekdays; part 2 is for weekends. <i>One transfer rangement is the same in all Parenting Plans</i> . The parent waiting for the children shall always ow the parent bringing the children a 30 minute grace period.
1.	Weekday transfers occur at the:
	Mother's residence. Father's Residence. Child's School. Other location: (Specific address.) Time of transfer: a.m./p.m.
	Other arrangements: (Be specific.)
	Other arrangements. (be specific.)
2.	Weekend transfers occur at the: ' Mother's residence ' Father's Residence ' Child's School ' Other location: (Specific address.)
	Time of transfer: a.m./p.m.
	-
	Other arrangements: (Be specific.)
,	TRANSPORTATION ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE CHILDREN The arrangements for, and costs of everyday transportation will be the responsibility of the parent with whom the child is residing
,	The following arrangements will apply:
	·
Sp	ecial Travel
ı	The arrangements for, and costs of <u>special or unusual travel</u> will be the responsibility of: 'Mother' Father. (Examples: trips by airplane, bus, or train to visit a distant parent, or travel by these methods for school trips.) or
,	The following arrangements will apply:

TELEPHONE CONTACT BETWEEN PARENTS AND CHILDREN

The parent with whom a child is <u>not</u> residing needs to make special efforts to stay in touch with the child; and the parent with whom a child <u>is</u> residing needs to encourage the child to stay in touch with the other parent. In this section you will propose the arrangements for these communications.

Child calling a parent.

A child may call the parent with whom the child is not residing: ' At any time.
Weekdays between the times of: a.m. / p.m. and a.m. / p.m.
Weekends and holidays between the times of: a.m. / p.m. and a.m. / p.m.
Long distance calls from child to the parent will be paid for by:
Parent calling child.
A parent with whom a child is not residing may call the child: ' At any time.
Weekdays between the times of: a.m. / p.m. and a.m. / p.m.
Weekends and holidays between the times of: a.m. / p.m. and a.m. / p.m. Long distance calls from parent to the child will be paid for by the parent making the call.
COMMUNICATION BETWEEN PARENTS
Divorced parents need to regularly communicate with each other to provide the best possible
care for their children, and to reduce the stress of divorce on the children. In this section you will propose the arrangements for these parent-to-parent communications.
win propose the arrangements for these parent to parent communications.
FIVE REQUIREMENTS APPLY IN ALL CASES. Read each of these five requirements, and check the blanks to show you have read the requirements.
1. 'The parents will inform each other <u>as soon as possible</u> about all of the children's school, sports, and other activity schedules to ensure nothing interferes with the children's participation.
2. The parents will <u>always</u> let each other know their current residence addresses, mailing addresses, home, work, and emergency telephone numbers, and will notify each other within <u>24 hours</u> of any changes in these matters. <u>BUT, this requirement does not apply in cases in which the Family Court has allowed the withholding of identifying information</u> .
3. ' The parents will <u>never</u> say anything in the children's presence that would reduce the children's love or affection for either parent.
4. The parents will <u>never</u> allow any person in the children's presence to speak poorly of an absent parent.
5. ' The parents will <u>never</u> discuss divorce disagreements or financial matters in the children's presence.
The next requirement is optional. <i>To propose it as a part of your Parenting Plan, check the box.</i> A parent will not schedule activities for the children during the other parent's scheduled parenting time, <u>unless</u> the parent with the parenting time agrees <u>in advance</u> . The only exceptions are:
* Use the following space to propose any other communications arrangements you want as part of your Parenting Plan

CHANGES IN PARENTING PLAN ARRANGEMENTS

As the children grow, their lives, activities, and schedules will change. In the short term, parents and children will have occasional, unavoidable changes in their schedules. From time to time, such changes will require changes in Parenting Plan arrangements. By agreeing ahead of time how these changes in the Parenting Plan will be handled, you can avoid the time and expense of going back to Family Court.

Two rules <u>always</u> apply to changes.

- 1. If one parent requests a <u>non-emergency</u> change in the Parenting Plan arrangements, the parent receiving the request will decide whether to permit the change.
- 2. If a change in Parenting Plan arrangement is required because of an emergency, the parent with custody of the children at the time of the emergency <u>does not require advance agreement of the other parent to make the change</u>, <u>but must notify the other parent of the emergency as soon as possible</u>.

<u>Proposals for handling non-emergency changes in Parenting Plan arrangements.</u>

,	A parent receiving a request for a change will never use a request for a change as a bargaining chip, or as a way to punish the parent making the request.
,	A parent making a request for a change will make the request: ' In person. ' By phone. ' In writing. ' By E-mail.
,	A parent making a request for a change will make the request as soon as possible, but in any event, no less than before the change is to occur.
,	A parent receiving a request for a change will respond as soon as possible, but in any event, must respond within after receiving the request.
,	A parent receiving a request for a change will respond: ' In person. ' By phone. ' In writing. ' By E-mail.
,	A parent requesting a change will be responsible for any additional child care or transportation costs caused by the change.
,	Other arrangements:
_	

RESTRICTIONS

The Family Court can restrict a parent's contact with her or his children if the parent has engaged in certain kinds of conduct harmful to the children. To begin, you *must* read the following list of the types of conduct that can require restrictions, and then you *must* read the rest of the Restrictions section and <u>complete the items that apply to your situation</u>.

CONDUCT THAT CAN REQUIRE PARENTAL RESTRICTIONS.

The parent has abused, neglected, or abandoned a child.

The parent has sexually assaulted or abused a child.

The parent has committed acts of domestic violence.

The parent has repeatedly interfered with the other parent's rights to contact or visit the children. BUT, this situation <u>does not</u> justify restrictions if the parent interfered with the other parent's access to protect a child's safety.

The parent has repeatedly made unfounded reports of domestic violence, child abuse or neglect, or sexual abuse.

A Court has issued a restraining order against the parent for domestic or family violence.

The parent has neglected his / her responsibilities for caring for his / her children.

The parent has engaged in alcohol, drug, or other substance abuse that has resulted in that parent neglecting his / her responsibilities for caring for his / her children.

The parent does not have a loving emotional relationship with his / her children.

The parent habitually starts arguments with the other parent, or the children.

NEXT, read the rest of the section, and complete the items you want to propose for your Parenting Plan.

- NO RESTRICTIONS should be included in the Parenting Plan, because neither parent has engaged in any conduct harmful to the children.
- RESTRICTIONS should be included in the Parenting Plan, and these restrictions should be placed on: 'Mother; 'Father. These restrictions should be included in the Parenting Plan because he or she has engaged in conduct harmful to the children. If you checked the "Restrictions" blank, you *must* complete the following section by listing the reasons you think restrictions should be included in the Parenting Plan. (Describe the conduct you think requires restrictions. You may describe the kinds of conduct on the preceding list, or other conduct you think is harmful, even if that conduct is not on the list. If the issuance of a restraining order is the reason for restrictions, you must list the court in which the restraining order was issued, and the case number.)

list the court in which the restraining order was issued, and the case number.)
easons for Restrictions:
If you checked the "Restrictions" blank, you must complete the following items to propose the
pes of restrictions you want included in the plan.
upervised Visitation.
Visitation with the children should be supervised. (If you checked this blank, you <u>must</u> complete the next item.)
isitation should be supervised by:, at the
(You can propose any person you trust, a professional person such as a counselor or psychologist, a minister, or an agency or organization such as a mental health or social services agency or organization. Provide a telephone number for the person or organization you propose; make-certain that person or organization has agreed to act as the supervisor, and will attend the hearing at which these arrangements are discussed.)
upervised Transfers.
Transfers of the children from one parent to another should be supervised. (If you checked this blank, you <u>must</u> complete the next item.)
ransfers should be supervised by:, at the
(You can propose any person you trust, a professional person such as a counselor or psychologist, a minister, or an agency or organization such as a mental health or social services agency or organization. Provide a telephone

Other Proposed Restrictions: ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS The Parenting Plan form is designed to cover most, if not all, necessary matters. However, if you want the plan to address subjects not covered by this form, you need to write a detailed description of the additional terms and conditions you want included in the plan. If you have no additional terms and conditions to include, you must check the following line. NO additional terms and conditions. Additional terms and conditions are: **SETTLING DISAGREEMENTS** Despite a good Parenting Plan, and the best intentions of the parents, disagreements may still arise from time to time. These disagreements will be harmful to the children, and to the parents. By agreeing in advance on a way to settle disagreements, you can avoid the time and expense of going back to Family Court. In this section you can propose how you want to settle any disagreements that may arise. Disagreements about the Parenting Plan should be handled in the following manner: Counseling. Conducted by:______. Mediation. Conducted by:_______. Other means: Costs of settling disagreements should be handled as follows: Mother pays _____% of the costs. Father pays _____% of the costs. The person settling the disagreement will decide how the costs are shared. Parents should notify each other of disagreements in the following manner: In writing. ' In person. ' By telephone. ' By certified mail. Other:

number for the person or organization you propose; make certain that person or organization has agreed to act as

the supervisor, and will attend the hearing at which these arrangements are discussed.)

THE FAMILY COURT'S POWER TO ENFORCE PARENTING PLANS.

Once the Family Court accepts and adopts a Parenting Plan proposed by the parties jointly or individually by one party, the plan becomes a Court Order, and must be obeyed. This means

both parents must abide by all of the terms and conditions of the Parenting Plan. Even if one parent violates the Parenting Plan, the other parent does NOT have right to violate the plan in retaliation.

WAYS IN WHICH THE FAMILY COURT CAN ENFORCE A PARENTING PLAN

If the Parenting Plan provides a remedy for a violation of the plan, the Court can use its power to enforce that remedy. If the Court thinks that remedy is inadequate, the Court can enforce another remedy of the Court's choosing.

If a parent interferes with the other parent's rights to custody or visitation, the Court can order make-up time to compensate for time missed with the children.

If a parent wrongly caused the other parent to miss time with the children, the Court can award monetary compensation for the missed time, and can award child care costs and other expenses caused by the missed time.

If a parent violates the Parenting Plan, the Court can modify the plan in favor of the parent who did not violate the plan. The Court can change custodial responsibility to favor the non-violating parent, or the Court can grant exclusive custodial responsibility to the non-violating parent.

The Court can order a parent violating a Parenting Plan to submit to counseling.

The Court can order a parent violating a Parenting Plan to pay a civil penalty up to \$100 for a first violation, up to \$500 for a second violation, or up to \$1,000 for a third violation.

The Court can order a parent violating a Parenting Plan to pay the other parent's court costs, attorney's fees, and any other expenses that parent incurred to return to Family Court to enforce the Parenting Plan.

You <u>must</u> sign the plan, and the Verification, which appears on this page following the signature lines.

Mother	(Print name)	Signature	Date
Father	(Print name)	Signature	 Date
(0)	***	VERIFICATION	
(One par	ent signs Verification for I	Individual Proposed Plan. Both Parents sig	n Verification for Joint Proposed Plan
I/v	/e,		, after
I/v making a	ve, nn oath of affirmation	to tell the truth, say that the facts I /	, after we have stated in this Proposed
I / v making a Parenting	ve, un oath of affirmation g Plan are true of my /	to tell the truth, say that the facts I / our personal knowledge; and if I / v	, after we have stated in this Proposed we have set forth certain matters
I / v making a Parenting	ve, un oath of affirmation g Plan are true of my /	to tell the truth, say that the facts I /	, after we have stated in this Proposed we have set forth certain matters
I / v making a Parenting	ve, un oath of affirmation g Plan are true of my /	to tell the truth, say that the facts I / our personal knowledge; and if I / v	, after we have stated in this Proposed we have set forth certain matters

This Verification was sworn to θ	or affirmed before me on the day of	, 20
Notary Public		
Notary Fublic	My commission expires:	.
For Court's Use.		
Accepted as proposed.		
Accepted as modified.		
Not accepted.		

Family Court Judge

Date

Date

Parent's Signature

ACCEPTANCE OF SERVICE

I hereby accept service of th	e Summo	ns and a cop	y of the Petition in the
ase styled,		and	
Civil Action No.	this	day of	, 20
This Acceptance of Service	shall have	e the same fo	rce and effect as if
personally served upon me in			County, West Virginia, by
he Sheriff of said County.			
	Re	spondent	
	Ad 	dress	
	Ph	one	
Taken, sworn to and subscr	ibed befo	re me this	day of
My Commission expires			
	No.	tarv Public o	r Deputy Circuit Clerk

IN THE FAMILY COURT OF MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA

PETIT	TIONER				
VS:		CIVIL A	CTION NUMBER		
RESP	ONDENT				
mo.		NOTICE OF	HEARING		ing Education Class
TO:	Name			Time:	2:00 P.M. e County Courthouse
	Address				
	City	State	Zip Code		
			_	•	
before 2011, a Law M FIRE I	the FAMILY C ata.r faster shall be he HALL BASEME	OURT JUDGE. The n./p.m., or as soon the	hearing will be on ereafter as may be hocation: THE FAN ROAD, UNION, W	thed neard. Hearin MILY COUR	d action on for final hea ay of ngs before the Family T HEARING ROOM, NIA .
before 2011, a Law M FIRE I	the FAMILY C ata.r faster shall be he HALL BASEME	OURT JUDGE. The n./p.m., or as soon the eld at the following lower than the following lower than the control of	hearing will be on ereafter as may be hocation: THE FAN ROAD, UNION, W	thed neard. Hearin MILY COUR	ay ofngs before the Family RT HEARING ROOM,
before 2011, a Law M FIRE I	the FAMILY C ata.r faster shall be he HALL BASEME	OURT JUDGE. The n./p.m., or as soon the eld at the following lost ENT, GREEN HILL Is protect your interest. CERTIFICATE	hearing will be on ereafter as may be hocation: THE FAM ROAD, UNION, W.	thed neard. Hearin MILY COUR EST VIRGIN	ay ofngs before the Family RT HEARING ROOM,

Form 8